REBUILDING UKRAINE: THE IMPERATIVE OF UNITED HUMANITARIAN SPACE IN THE CONTEXT OF EUROPEAN INTEGRATION

Abstract. The article examines the key role of the united humanitarian space of Ukraine in the context of European integration, in particular after the full-scale invasion of Russia. The successes and challenges of Ukraine in accordance with EU standards are considered, the urgent need for stabilization and reconstruction of a single humanitarian corps is emphasized. The article emphasizes the need to restore infrastructure, restore public services, and restore the economy, and calls for effective governance mechanisms and international support. Through comprehensive analysis and policy recommendations, the article examines geopolitical dynamics, reconstruction frameworks, stakeholder coordination, and the importance of international solidarity and funding on Ukraine's path to stability and development.

The article identifies that Ukraine's desire for closer ties with the European Union (EU) through its European integration efforts marks an important milestone, highlighted by its desire to align policies and standards with those of EU member states. However, this attempt creates enormous challenges, in particular, reforming Ukraine's humanitarian space in accordance with EU standards. Internal and external centrifugal forces threaten unity in this space, exacerbated by political instability, regional differences and vested interests of the parties. The implementation of strategic policies, including open dialogue and democratic reforms, is critical to mitigating these challenges and strengthening unity.

It was analyzed that both Ukraine and the EU should initiate institutional reforms to achieve harmonious integration. Strengthening administrative efficiency, improving the management structure and ensuring transparency is a real result for facilitating this process and strengthening unity in the humanitarian space of Ukraine. It has been proven that the construction of a united humanitarian space of Ukraine is necessary, especially after the Russian invasion, which caused significant damage to infrastructure, displaced persons and destabilized the economy. Stabilization and reconstruction efforts are paramount to restoring normalcy and ensuring long-term development.
It has also been determined that international support, in terms of funding and experience, plays an important role in the recovery of Ukraine. Cooperation between the Ukrainian government, international organizations and donor countries is essential to strengthen collective efforts in the reconstruction and modernization of the country. In overcoming these challenges, Ukraine must align its humanitarian policy with global trends and build on its experience to ensure a prominent place in the evolving socio-economic landscape. It also delves into the geopolitical dynamics surrounding the stabilization and reconstruction of Ukraine, offers a framework for reconstruction, policy recommendations for various war scenarios, and emphasizes the importance of international solidarity, funding, and effective governance for Ukraine's recovery.

This article examines the challenges and advantages for the stabilization and reconstruction of Ukraine after the Russian invasion, and emphasizes the key role of the united humanitarian space of Ukraine in the context of European integration. Such important needs as restoration of infrastructure, establishment of guiding principles of reconstruction and promotion of socio-economic recovery are outlined. The article emphasizes the importance of building a strong foundation for sustainable development, aligning with European standards and ensuring national resilience for international support. The article substantiates the need for coordination between interested parties, including the United States and the European Union, which coordinate financing from the funds, and include the board of the community with Ukraine for effective financing. In addition, the article examines war scenarios and suggests directions for solving diplomatic, military and economic challenges aimed at different practical understandings of stabilization and recovery of Ukraine.

**Keywords:** United Humanitarian Space, European Integration, Russian Invasion, Stabilization and Reconstruction, Governance Mechanisms, International Support, National Resilience, Geopolitical Dynamics.

Opunyaцук Петро Володимирович кандидат історичних наук, доцент, доцент кафедри права та публічного управління, Житомирський державний університет імені Івана Франка, 10008, м. Житомир, вул. Велика Бердичівська 40, тел.: (097)265-30-46, https://orcid.org/0000-0001-7164-4143

ВІДНОВЛЕННЯ УКРАЇНИ: ІМПЕРАТИВ ЇДИНОГО ГУМАНІТАРНОГО ПРОСТОРУ В КОНТЕКСТІ ЄВРОПЕЙСЬКОЇ ІНТЕГРАЦІЇ

Анотація. У статті досліджується важливість формування єдино гуманітарного простору України в контексті європейської інтеграції, зокрема після повномасштабного вторгнення Росії. Розглядаються успіхи та виклики України у відповідності зі стандартами ЄС, наголошується на невідкладній
необхідності створення умов для функціонування цілісного гуманітарного простору. У статті підкреслюється необхідність відновлення інфраструктури, відновлення державних послуг і позитивного економічного, а також акцентується увага на заклику до ефективних механізмів управління та міжнародної підтримки. Завдяки комплексному аналізу та політичним рекомендаціям у статті розглядається геополітична динаміка, рамки реконструкції, координація зацікавлених сторін, а також значення міжнародної солідарності та фінансування на шляху України до стабільності та відновлення.

У статті визначено, що прагнення України до більш тісних зв'язків з Європейським Союзом (ЄС) через її європейські інтеграційні зусилля знаменує важливу віху, підкреслену її прагненням узгодити політику та стандарти з політикою та стандартами держав-членів ЄС. Однак ця спроба створює величезні виклики, зокрема у реформуванні гуманітарного простору України відповідно до стандартів ЄС. Внутрішні та зовнішні відцентрові сили загрожують єдності цього простору, що посилюється політичною нестабільністю, регіональними відмінностями та суперечливими інтересами зацікавлених сторін. Реалізація стратегічної політики, включаючи відкритий діалог і демократичні реформи, має вирішальне значення для пом’якшення цих викликів і зміцнення єдності.

Проаналізовано, що і Україна, і ЄС повинні розпочати інституційні реформи для досягнення гармонійної інтеграції. Зміцнення адміністративної спроможності, удосконалення структур управління та забезпечення прозорості є життєво важливими для сприяння цьому процесу та зміцнення єдності в гуманітарному просторі України. Доведено, що формування єдиної гуманітарного простору України є необхідною, особливо після російського вторгнення, яке завдало значних збитків інфраструктурі та дестабілізувало економіку загалом. Зусилля зі стабілізації та реконструкції мають першочергове значення для відновлення нормального життя та забезпечення довгострокового розвитку.

Також визначено, що міжнародна підтримка, з точки зору фінансування та досвіду, відіграє важливу роль у процесі відновлення України. Співпраця між українським урядом, міжнародними організаціями та країнами-донорами має важливе значення для посилення колективних зусиль у відбудові та модернізації країни. До ланки ці виклики, Україна має зустріти своє гуманітарну політику зі своїми тенденціями та спиратися на свій досвід, щоб забезпечити собі помітне місце в соціально-економічному ландшафті сучасного світу. Акцентується увага на геополітичні динамії, яка впливає на стабілізацію та відбудову України. Підкреслено важливість міжнародної солідарності, фінансування та ефективного управління для відновлення України.

Також у статті розглядаються виклики та пріоритети для стабілізації та відбудови України після вторгнення Росії, наголошується на ключовій ролі
Formulation of the problem. One of the key achievements of Ukraine's European integration efforts is the establishment of closer ties with the European Union (EU). Through its accession negotiations, Ukraine has demonstrated its commitment to aligning its policies, regulations, and standards with those of current EU member states. This process, however, poses significant challenges. Ukraine faces the need for extensive institutional reforms to bring its humanitarian space in line with EU standards and regulations. Centrifugal forces, both internal and external, can undermine unity within Ukraine's humanitarian space. Political instability, regional disparities, and conflicting interests among different stakeholders are some of the challenges that public management must address. The strategic implementation of policies and initiatives, such as fostering open dialogue and promoting democratic reforms, can mitigate these centrifugal forces and strengthen unity.

To achieve a harmonious integration, both Ukraine and the EU need to initiate institutional reforms. By enhancing administrative capacity, improving governance structures, and ensuring transparency, public management can facilitate the integration process and enhance unity within Ukraine's humanitarian space. This includes fostering a sense of European political solidarity and ensuring a strong commitment to matters of common concern. As noted by Moisiiyakha A.V. researching the algorithm of formation and application of mechanisms for the implementation of state policy in the socio-humanitarian sphere, state policy in the socio-humanitarian sphere is distinguished by its complexity, interdependence of various mechanisms and tools, as well as a high level of institutional saturation of the public sector in the implementation of the main directions and solving the key tasks of the specified type of state policy. Institutional saturation determines the
complexity of the management process, and therefore the processes of formation and application of mechanisms for the implementation of state policy are characterized by diversity and are a reflection of various sectors of public management of social and humanitarian issues of social development [1, p. 44]

The construction of the United Humanitarian Space of Ukraine holds paramount importance in the context of European integration. Ukraine has faced significant challenges resulting from the Russian invasion, necessitating urgent efforts for stabilization and reconstruction. Following the devastating conflict triggered by Russia's invasion, Ukraine requires substantial support to rebuild its infrastructure, restore essential public services, and revitalize its economy. The United Humanitarian Space of Ukraine seeks to address these pressing needs and foster a harmonious society capable of integrating with the European community. The Russian invasion has left Ukraine grappling with the aftermath of war, including extensive damage to critical infrastructure, displacement of citizens, and economic instability. Stabilization and reconstruction efforts are crucial for restoring normalcy, ensuring the well-being of the population, and facilitating long-term development. Given the scope of the challenges faced by Ukraine, effective mechanisms for reconstruction and governance must be established. International support, in terms of both financing and expertise, plays a pivotal role in facilitating the recovery process. Working in collaboration with the Ukrainian government, international organizations, and donor countries, Ukraine can leverage collective efforts to rebuild and modernize. It is also worth noting the opinion of A.E. Lyasot, the scientist notes that in modern conditions, the policy of Ukraine in the humanitarian sphere should be based on the general trends of world development and the analysis of the entire path traveled, as well as on the state of Ukrainian experience in new and highly unpredictable socio-economic conditions development of the country. The world community is moving to a post-industrial, information society, when the scale of intercultural interaction at the international level is rapidly expanding. Ukraine is an active participant in this global process, and the effective interaction of state administration bodies and civil society in the field of humanitarian policy gives it a strategic chance to take a worthy place in the new realities of the modern world [2, p. 92-93].

The upcoming sections of this article will further explore the geopolitical environment surrounding Ukraine's stabilization and reconstruction, propose a framework for reconstruction, discuss the coordination and division of labor among stakeholders, provide policy recommendations for different war scenarios, and emphasize the significance of international solidarity, financing, and effective governance in Ukraine's recovery.

**Analysis of recent research and publications.** The results of the analysis of domestic scientific sources give grounds for asserting that in modern scientific literature, insufficient attention was paid to the study of the state of the humanitarian sphere in Ukraine as an independent sphere of social activity. There are scientists
(V. Dzoz, S. Zdioruk, V. Kupriychuk, P. Petrovskyi, P. Sytnik, V. Skurativskyi, 
V. Troshechynskyi, I. Chernychko, S. Chukut, etc.) who in their works highlighted 
the trends and others the state of development of the humanitarian sphere of 
Ukrainian society as a target social activity, the conceptual vision of the state 
humanitarian policy and the mechanisms of its implementation. A certain 
contribution to the research of the public administration aspect of the functioning 
and development of the humanitarian sphere was made by scientists in the field of 
public administration. However, it should be noted that researchers mostly pay 
attention to the development of its individual segments. Thus, S. Andreychuk, M. 
Bilinska, V. Gamayunov, T. Hladka, V. Grabovskyi, S. Gryganska, etc. consider the 
versatile aspects of the state education management system in their dissertations. 
The question of the role of prioritized areas and strategies crucial for Ukraine's 
stabilization and reconstruction in the humanitarian space, especially in the 
conditions of European integration, has not been studied in sufficient detail, and 
therefore there is a need to analyze this issue.

The purpose of the article is to underscore the critical role of the United 
Humanitarian Space of Ukraine in the broader context of European integration. It 
highlights the achievements and challenges faced by Ukraine in its efforts to align 
with EU standards and regulations, particularly in the wake of the Russian invasion. 
The article emphasizes the urgent need for stabilization and reconstruction in 
Ukraine, focusing on rebuilding infrastructure, restoring public services, and 
revitalizing the economy. Additionally, it advocates for effective governance 
mechanisms and international support to facilitate Ukraine's recovery process. 
Through comprehensive analysis and policy recommendations, the article aims to 
provide insights into the geopolitical dynamics, reconstruction frameworks, 
stakeholder coordination, and the importance of international solidarity and 
financing in Ukraine's journey towards stability and development.

Presenting main material. In the aftermath of Russia's invasion, Ukraine is 
faced with numerous challenges that impede its stabilization and reconstruction 
efforts. The international order has been significantly disrupted, as evidenced by 
Russia's attempts to undermine global norms and borders. Ukraine's domestic 
pressures are further compounded by the ongoing conflict and the dire need for 
stabilization and reconstruction. Amid these challenges, the importance of European 
unity and international support cannot be overstated. The European Union has 
played a crucial role in providing assistance to Ukraine, both politically and 
financially. European countries have exhibited a firm commitment to Ukraine's 
recovery, recognizing the significance of upholding territorial integrity and 
supporting the country's path towards European integration. The commitment of 
international support is vital for Ukraine as it faces mounting economic and security 
challenges. The United States, in particular, has expressed solidarity with Ukraine 
and has been actively involved in providing aid and assistance. Other international 
actors such as the United Nations and international financial institutions like the
World Bank and the International Monetary Fund have also been instrumental in supporting Ukraine's stabilization and reconstruction efforts. The destabilizing actions taken by Russia have underscored the urgency of addressing the pressing needs of Ukraine. Rebuilding basic infrastructure, including transport networks, energy systems, and public services, is crucial for ensuring the country's stability and enabling economic growth. The repair and reconstruction efforts require substantial financial resources and the coordination of various stakeholders.

In addition to financial assistance, effective governance and coordinated efforts are critical for successful stabilization and reconstruction. The Ukrainian government, in collaboration with its international partners, needs to develop a comprehensive framework that outlines the priority areas and strategies for reconstruction. This framework should include mechanisms for accountability, transparency, and efficient allocation of resources. Despite the challenges faced by Ukraine and the attempts to undermine its stability, the country has demonstrated resilience and determination in pursuing its path towards European integration. The international community must continue to provide unwavering support, both politically and economically, to ensure the successful recovery and modernization of Ukraine. As Ukraine navigates through these challenges, it is clear that the construction of the United Humanitarian Space of Ukraine, in the context of European integration, is of paramount importance. We agree with the opinion of Kupriychuk, V.M., Gradivskyi, V.M., etc. Also, an important aspect of obtaining an effective result of this issue is the consistent implementation of a systematic approach to the decentralization of state administration in the humanitarian sphere, which requires the presence of highly qualified management personnel capable of objectively assessing the situation and energetically take adequate measures to solve pressing problems. This determines the special importance of the principle of expertise and competence of humanitarian policy subjects [3, p. 226]. By addressing the geopolitical challenges and promoting international solidarity, Ukraine can rely on the support of its allies to establish a stable and prosperous future for its citizens.

In the aftermath of the devastating conflict triggered by Russia's invasion, Ukraine faces immense challenges in stabilizing and reconstructing the country. The construction of the United Humanitarian Space of Ukraine, in the context of European integration, becomes crucial for the successful recovery and modernization of the nation. This section explores the pressing needs and priority areas that require attention for the stabilization and reconstruction efforts in Ukraine.

Therefore, it is important to first identify urgent needs and priority areas

1. Repair and Rebuilding of Basic Infrastructure:
   - The conflict has left a significant toll on Ukraine's infrastructure, including roads, bridges, schools, healthcare facilities, and energy networks.
   - Urgent attention and investment are required to repair and rebuild these basic infrastructure components.

   - Infrastructure development is crucial not only for restoring normalcy but also for attracting investments and promoting economic growth.
2. Guiding Principles for the Process:
- Transparent and accountable governance is essential for effective utilization of resources in the reconstruction process.
- Stakeholder engagement and participation, including local communities, civil society organizations, and international partners, are critical for inclusive decision-making and sustainable solutions.
- Environmental sustainability must be a key consideration in the reconstruction efforts, ensuring that the rebuilding process aligns with green and resilient development practices.

3. Socio-Economic Recovery and Development:
- Attention needs to be given to rebuilding the economy and revitalizing key sectors.
- Job creation initiatives and support for small and medium enterprises are vital for stimulating economic growth and reducing unemployment rates.
- Social welfare systems should be strengthened to ensure the well-being of vulnerable populations affected by the conflict.

The End Goal: Shaping Ukraine's Future
The ultimate goal of stabilization and reconstruction efforts in Ukraine is to shape a prosperous and resilient future for the country. This includes:

1. Building a Strong Foundation:
- The reconstruction process should lay a solid foundation for sustainable development.
- Investments in education, research, and innovation will help build a skilled workforce and promote technological advancements.
- Enhancing governance systems and the rule of law will create an enabling environment for economic growth and attract foreign investments.

2. European Integration:
- Ukraine's commitment to European integration plays a crucial role in its stabilization and reconstruction efforts.
- Alignment with European standards and regulations will enhance trade opportunities, promote investments, and strengthen political ties.
- Establishing partnerships and cooperation with European Union member states will provide access to financial assistance, technical expertise, and best practices.

3. National Ownership and International Support:
- Ukraine must take the lead in shaping its own future and driving the reconstruction process.
- International support, including financial assistance, technical expertise, and capacity-building, is essential for successful implementation.
- Strengthening partnerships with international financial institutions, donor countries, and research organizations will provide the resources needed for sustainable reconstruction.
Coordination and collaboration among various actors and stakeholders are crucial for the successful stabilization and reconstruction of Ukraine. So, it is necessary to explore the importance of these partnerships, with a focus on the involvement of the United States and the European Union. Additionally, have to discuss the necessity of dedicated funds managed jointly with Ukraine to ensure effective financing for the reconstruction efforts. Investigating the question of the model of humanitarian policy in Ukraine at the current stage of reforms, S. Horbatyuk notes that the current state of management practice, when the state humanitarian policy is characterized by segmentation, the lack of a deep analysis of the relationships and mutual influences of various components that determine the systematicity, consistency, completeness and completeness of the processes its formation and implementation proves the need to find an optimal strategy for the humanitarian development of society and to modernize the management system. Today, socio-humanitarian security is determined by the state of human development as the basis of the economic, social, humanitarian, and cultural potential of society [4, p. 87].

To achieve successful stabilization and reconstruction, close coordination among different stakeholders is essential. The United States, as a key global player, has been actively engaged in supporting Ukraine's recovery from the devastating conflict. Through diplomatic efforts and financial assistance, the United States has played a pivotal role in addressing the strategic challenges faced by Ukraine. Collaboration with the European Union has also been vital, as they share a common commitment to supporting Ukraine's stability and European integration. The European Union has been a significant partner in Ukraine's reconstruction process. As a union of member states, the EU has provided substantial financial aid, technical assistance, and policy support to Ukraine. The European Commission, in particular, has allocated significant resources through its various financial instruments, such as the European Investment Bank and the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development. One of the key aspects of effective coordination is the establishment of dedicated funds for stabilization and reconstruction. It is crucial to ensure that these funds are managed jointly with Ukraine to maximize their impact and foster transparency. By pooling resources and coordinating efforts, the reconstruction process can be effectively streamlined and implemented. Alongside dedicated funding, international solidarity is crucial in supporting Ukraine's recovery. The international community, including donor countries and international financial institutions such as the World Bank and the International Monetary Fund, has a vital role to play. Continued financial assistance, technical expertise, and capacity building support are necessary for Ukraine to overcome its budget deficit and rebuild its economy.

When it comes to the stabilization and reconstruction of Ukraine, it is crucial to consider the various war scenarios and their implications. Understanding the potential challenges and crafting appropriate policy recommendations can
significantly impact the success of these efforts. That is why, we will explore different war scenarios and provide policy guidance based on diplomatic negotiations, military support, and economic aid and this will be the production of the pose and the practical significance of our research.

**War Scenarios and Policy Recommendations**

**Scenario 1: Diplomatic Negotiations**

Diplomatic negotiations play a vital role in resolving conflicts and promoting stability. In this scenario, a key policy recommendation would be to prioritize diplomatic channels to de-escalate tensions and reach a peaceful resolution. Engaging in dialogue with international partners, such as the United Nations and the European Union, can facilitate diplomatic negotiations and promote a peaceful transition towards stabilization and reconstruction.

**Scenario 2: Military Support**

In some cases, military support may be necessary to restore stability and protect the affected regions. Policy recommendations for this scenario involve strategically deploying military resources in collaboration with Ukraine's armed forces to ensure the safety and security of the population. Coordinated efforts with international allies, such as the United States, can enhance the effectiveness of military support, enabling the stabilization and reconstruction process to proceed more smoothly.

**Scenario 3: Economic Aid**

Economic aid plays a crucial role in rebuilding a country devastated by conflict. In this scenario, policy recommendations revolve around providing financial resources to support Ukraine's recovery and reconstruction efforts. International financial institutions, such as the World Bank and the International Monetary Fund, can play a significant role in providing financial assistance. Additionally, creating partnerships with donor countries and organizations, such as the European Commission and the United Kingdom, can bolster the availability of funding for Ukraine's reconstruction projects.

It is essential to emphasize that these scenarios are not mutually exclusive and can occur concurrently. Ukraine's recovery requires a comprehensive approach that considers all aspects of stabilization and reconstruction. By combining diplomatic negotiations, military support, and economic aid, Ukraine can navigate the challenges presented by different war scenarios and ultimately achieve long-term stability and prosperity.

Also, an important remark that should be noted in the conclusion is the opinion of V.M. Gradivskyi, who, researching the implementation of public administration mechanisms for the development of the humanitarian sphere in Ukraine, emphasizes that the goal of state regional policy in the humanitarian sphere should be to deepen the spirituality of the Ukrainian people on the basis of the best traditions and heritage the process of formation of a humanistic worldview, a system of moral and cultural values of national significance in the population of all regions of the country, the
establishment of patriotism and a highly developed national self-awareness, which will contribute to the strengthening of the spiritual and, therefore, socio-political unity of society, the reduction of ideological, cultural and political confrontation in it, the strengthening constructive cooperation of indigenous peoples and national minorities and the formation of the Ukrainian political nation as the highest form of historical unity of the people [5].

Conclusions. In conclusion, the successful stabilization and reconstruction of Ukraine in the aftermath of the Russian invasion heavily rely on international solidarity, financing, and effective governance. This article has highlighted the pressing needs and priority areas for the country, emphasizing the repair and rebuilding of basic infrastructure as well as the guiding principles for the process.

In general, stabilizing and reconstructing Ukraine requires addressing pressing needs, prioritizing basic infrastructure repair, and embracing guiding principles. It is essential to shape Ukraine's future with a strong foundation, European integration, and a combination of national ownership and international support. The successful implementation of a comprehensive framework will pave the way for a prosperous and resilient Ukraine.

International support in the form of funding and collaboration among stakeholders, including the United States, the European Union, and international financial institutions such as the World Bank, is crucial for Ukraine's recovery. This support should be managed jointly with the Ukrainian government through a dedicated coordination platform to ensure efficient resource allocation and effective oversight. Totally, coordination and collaboration among stakeholders, including the United States and the European Union, are pivotal for the successful stabilization and reconstruction of Ukraine. The establishment of dedicated funds managed jointly with Ukraine, coupled with international solidarity, will be instrumental in ensuring effective financing and governance for Ukraine's recovery efforts.

Furthermore, policy recommendations have been provided considering different war scenarios, including diplomatic negotiations, military support, and economic aid. The role of Ukraine and its partners in shaping the future of the country is vital, as they work together towards stability, reconstruction, and modernization.

In conclusion, the successful recovery, reconstruction, and modernization of Ukraine will require not only financial resources but also a coordinated and evidence-based framework, ensuring a comprehensive approach that addresses the immediate and longer-term challenges. By prioritizing the principles of international solidarity, financing, and effective governance, Ukraine can aspire to build a resilient and prosperous future. The successful stabilization and reconstruction of Ukraine rely on thoughtful policy recommendations tailored to different war scenarios. Implementing diplomatic negotiations, military support, and economic aid in a coordinated and strategic manner will pave the way for a brighter future for Ukraine. By garnering international support and fostering effective governance, Ukraine can rebuild and modernize, paving the way for European integration and a prosperous future.
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