ACTIVITIES OF PUBLIC PHYSICAL AND SPORTS ASSOCIATIONS REGARDING THE PHYSICAL AND SPIRITUAL DEVELOPMENT OF THE POPULATION

Abstract. The article describes the activities of public physical culture and sports associations regarding the physical and spiritual development of the population. It is noted that physical culture and sports associations of social groups of the population can include organizations created by a certain social group of citizens for physical culture and sports activities. Such groups include the All-Ukrainian Sports Union of Schoolchildren, the All-Ukrainian Sports Union of Students, the All-Ukrainian Council of Veterans of Physical Culture and Sports, etc.

The central executive body implementing the state policy in the field of education, local state administrations and local self-government bodies contribute to the activities of public organizations of physical culture and sports orientation of pupils and students in the implementation of physical culture and health and sports activities of young people, holding sports events, preparation and participation of young people in relevant international sports competitions.

Public control in the field of physical culture and sports, as a type of civil democratic control, is determined by the subject, object, content and legal facts. Subjects are citizens of Ukraine, public associations, public unions, respectively, whose legal status is defined in the Law of Ukraine "On Public Associations"; the object (subject) is the state-authority activity of state executive authorities in the field of physical culture and sports, which is carried out in accordance with the Constitution of Ukraine and other regulatory legal acts; the content in this context is the mutual rights and obligations of subjects of control and state authorities in the field of physical culture and sports; legal facts are information on the activities of state executive authorities in the field of physical culture and sports and measures to respond to the results of such activities.

Keywords: public organizations, state policy, physical culture and sports, sports legislation, physical culture and sports associations.
ДІЯЛЬНІСТЬ ГРОМАДСЬКИХ ФІЗКУЛЬТУРНО-СПОРТИВНИХ ОБ’ЄДНАНЬ ЩОДО ФІЗИЧНОГО ТА ДУХОВНОГО РОЗВИТКУ НАСЕЛЕННЯ

Анотація. У статті розкрито діяльність громадських фізкультурно-спортивних об’єднань щодо фізичного та духовного розвитку населення. Зазначено, що до фізкультурно-спортивних об’єднань соціальних груп населення можна віднести організації, які створені певною соціальною групою громадян для здійснення фізкультурно-спортивної діяльності. До таких груп можна віднести Всеукраїнську спортивну спілку школярів, Всеукраїнську спортивну спілку студентів, Всеукраїнська рада ветеранів фізичної культури і спорту тощо.

Центральний орган виконавчої влади, що реалізує державну політику у сфері освіти, місцеві державні адміністрації та органи місцевого самоврядування сприяють діяльності громадської організацій фізкультурно-спортивної спрямованості учнів та студентів у здійсненні фізкультурно-оздоровчої і спортивної діяльності молоді, проведенні спортивних заходів, підготовці та участі молоді в відповідних міжнародних спортивних змаганнях.

Громадський контроль в сфері фізичної культури та спорту, як вид цивільного демократичного контролю визначається суб’єктом, об’єктом, змістом та юридичними фактами. Суб’єктом виступають громадяни України, громадські об’єднання, громадські спілки відповідно правовий статус яких визначений в Законі України “Про громадські об’єднання”; об’єктом (предметом) виступає державно-владна діяльність органів державної виконавчої влади в сфері фізичної культури та спорту, яка здійснюється у відповідності до Конституції України та інших нормативно-правових актів; змістом в цьому контексті є взаємні права та обов’язки суб’єктів контролю та органів державної влади в сфері фізичної культури та спорту; юридичними фактами виступають інформація про діяльність органів державної виконавчої влади в сфері фізичної культури та спорту та заходи реагування на результати такої діяльності.

Ключові слова: громадські організації, державна політика, фізична культура і спорт, спортивне законодавство, фізкультурно-спортивні об’єднання.

**Formulation of the problem.** State policy in the field of physical culture and sports in Ukraine is based on the following principles: recognition of physical culture and sports as a priority direction of the humanitarian policy of the state;
recognition of physical culture as an important factor in the comprehensive development of the individual and the formation of a healthy lifestyle; recognition of sports as an important factor in achieving physical and spiritual perfection of a person, formation of patriotic feelings in citizens and a positive international image of the state; ensuring humanistic orientation and priority of universal values, justice, mutual respect and gender equality; guaranteeing equal rights and opportunities of citizens in the field of physical culture and sports; ensuring the safety of life and health of persons engaged in physical culture and sports, participants and spectators of sports and physical culture and health events; promotion of continuity and sequence of physical education and sports for citizens of different age groups; affirmation of ethical and moral values of physical culture and sports; creation of conditions for social and legal protection of citizens in the field of physical culture and sports; providing support to public organizations of physical culture and sports orientation; ensuring diversity, high quality and accessibility of physical culture and sports services for citizens; provision of conditions for the support of physical education and sports; ensuring access of disabled people to sports facilities; encouragement of charitable activities in the field of physical culture and sports; focusing on modern international standards in the field of physical culture and sports, combining domestic traditions and achievements with world experience in this field [2, 3].

**Analysis of recent research and publications.** The influence of public organizations on the implementation of state policy in the field of physical culture and sports remains unknown. The main public organizations that carry out physical culture and sports activities in the field of sports of Ukraine are the National Sports Federations and the National Olympic Committee of Ukraine (NOC), whose activities will be discussed in the article.

**The purpose of the article is** to substantiate the activities of public physical culture and sports associations regarding the physical and spiritual development of the population.

**Presenting main material.** The Law of Ukraine "On Physical Culture and Sports" defines the general legal, social, and economic foundations of activity in the field of physical culture and sports and regulates social relations in creating conditions for the development of physical culture and sports [2, 4]. The state regulates relations in the field of physical culture and sports by forming state policy in this area, as well as recognizing the broad independent status of the physical culture and sports movement in Ukraine and the complex interaction of state bodies with public organizations of physical culture and sports orientation (Fig. 1).

Article 6 of the Law of Ukraine "On Physical Culture and Sports" defines the powers of the central body of executive power that ensures the formation of state policy in the field of physical culture and sports, the central body of executive power that implements state policy in the field of physical culture and sports, and other central bodies of the executive power in the field of physical culture and sports,
where, in addition to others, provides state support to non-governmental organizations of physical culture and sports orientation, involves them in the implementation of state programs and events in the field of physical culture and sports [1, 2].

The central executive body that implements the state policy in the field of education, local state administrations and local self-government bodies contribute to the activities of public organizations of physical culture and sports orientation of students and students in the implementation of physical culture and health and sports activities of young people, holding sports events, preparation and participation of students and students in relevant international sports competitions [2].

Fig. 1. Outline of the interaction of state executive authorities with public organizations and the population of the region in the field of physical culture and sports

Considerable experience of such cooperation exists in developed countries. Thus, the sports legislation of a number of countries (Great Britain, Germany, Italy,
Spain, France) has a definition of a sports federation as a public organization formed for the purpose of popularizing the respective sport, or their association. It also determines the direction of the federations' activities, including the organization of sports and other events among its members, the development of a program for the development of a certain type of sport, the federation's interaction with international organizations, etc. A significant part of the funds from the state budget goes to finance sports federations. Federations that are small in size can only rely on state aid to solve their financial problems [2, 4].

In Ukraine today there is no register of public organizations of physical culture and sports orientation. However, they can be divided into certain groups [2, 3, 4]:
- national sports associations;
- physical culture and sports associations;
- physical culture and sports public associations (federations, associations, unions, etc.) from a specific sport or group of sports;
- physical culture and sports associations of social groups of the population;
- sports clubs of various organizational and legal forms;
- physical culture teams.

Ationwide sports associations include the National Olympic Committee of Ukraine, the National Committee of Disabled Sports of Ukraine, the Sports Committee of Ukraine for non-Olympic sports, that is, all-Ukrainian public associations that coordinate the development of a certain direction of the sports movement in Ukraine [2].

Physical culture and sports associations are public organizations of physical culture and sports orientation, created by citizens of Ukraine with the aim of promoting the development of physical culture and sports. Today in Ukraine there are such physical culture and sports associations as "Ukraine" and "Spartak" (organization of mass physical culture and sports work at the place of work and recreation of citizens, provision of sports services to workers and members of their families), "Kolos" (organization of mass physical culture and sports and sports work in rural areas and provision of sports services to villagers), "Dynamo" (organization of mass physical culture and sports work among law enforcement officers and ensuring their professional training) [2, 3].

In addition, such budgetary institutions as the Committee on Physical Education and Sports of the Ministry of Education and Science of Ukraine, which organizes all mass physical education and sports work in the education system, and sports institutions of the Ministry of Defense of Ukraine, which organize the physical training of military personnel, ensure participation in regular physical exercises. Their activities are also aimed at increasing the physical fitness and
sportsmanship of servicemen of the Armed Forces of Ukraine. Physical culture and sports public associations of sports direct their activities to the development of a certain type of sport, its infrastructure, contribute to the creation of a suitable material sports base, training of athletes, referees and coaching staff, participation of athletes - members of these associations in all-Ukrainian and international competitions [1, 2].

A sports club is a physical culture and sports organization that unites athletes and sports fans to satisfy their common interests in the field of physical culture and sports. A sports club can be amateur or professional [2].

Physical culture and sports associations of social groups of the population can include organizations created by a certain social group of citizens for physical culture and sports activities. Such groups include the All-Ukrainian Sports Union of Schoolchildren, the All-Ukrainian Sports Union of Students, the All-Ukrainian Council of Veterans of Physical Culture and Sports, etc. One of the most widespread public physical culture and sports associations are sports clubs and physical culture teams. Today, more than 10,000 sports clubs of various organizational and legal forms operate in the country [2, 4].

A separate legal status is granted to the Olympic Committee of Ukraine, the Sports Committee of Ukraine, public organizations of sports for the disabled, which are delegated to cooperate on an advisory basis with subjects in the field of physical culture and sports, which ensure the development of Olympic, non-Olympic, sports, para-Olympic, De-Olympic sports, etc.; to participate in granting the All-Ukrainian sports federations from Olympic, non-Olympic, Para-Olympic, De-Olympic sports the status of national sports federation from the respective sport; participate in the preparation and implementation of activities aimed at ensuring the preparation of the national teams of Ukraine for participation in the Olympic, Paralympic, Paralympic Games and other international sports events held by the International and European Olympic Committees and other international institutions; state authorities contribute to the development of the material and technical base of the above-mentioned public organizations, provide financial and organizational assistance for the development of the Olympic, Paralympic, and non-Olympic sports movements; local self-government bodies can support the activities of local centers and provide them with financial and organizational assistance for the development of their activities in the regions [2, 4].

Conclusion. Physical education teams are the primary link of the physical education and sports movement and are created and function at enterprises, institutions and organizations regardless of the form of ownership and type of management. The total number of physical culture teams in the country is unknown, as their legal status and registration mechanism are not defined at the legislative level. To date, there is a clear contradiction between the tasks defined by the state in the field of physical culture and sports, the declared rights of citizens to engage in physical culture, improving the health of their bodies and sports, on the one hand,
and the conditions of activity, especially financial sources of activity, of sports associations and clubs, on the other hand.

To solve this problem, it is necessary to regulate the activities of public physical culture and sports associations as taxpayers, in which one of the main tasks, in addition to constantly improving the level of health, physical and spiritual development of the population, is also the task of economic and social progress of society. This means receiving financial funds as a result of one's activities, provision of services, consultations, rehabilitation, etc.; taxes on this type of activity should be minimal or absent at all for a certain period of time, which will make it possible to decently pay the employees of the association for their work, designed to fulfill important social tasks, to develop the material base of associations, to use in their activities the latest achievements in scientific developments, as well as modern simulators and other means of sports testing and medical control.

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